

COBOL-400

FOR THE COMPATIBLES/400 FAMILY OF COMPUTERS

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

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COBOL-400, the Common Business Oriented Language, is available on General Electric's Compatibles/400 Information Processing systems. This universally-accepted business-oriented language is upward compatible through the entire GE-400 family of computers and gives you a solid, working partner for compatible hardware.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COBOL-400 FILLS SPECIFIC NEEDS

- The need for programming systems that can be processed on future, more powerful machines with a minimum of conversion costs in reprogramming and/or training. This is especially significant if you start modestly with a GE-415 and can foresee a possible expansion to a GE-435. Or, for that matter, any other large-scale General Electric Information Processor.
- The need for efficient translation of a programming system from one computer model to another of a different manufacturer.
- The need for a capability to meet the rapidly changing and expanding requirements of management which precludes constant revision and augmentation of programming systems. With COBOL-400, such changes and additions can be made with minimum time and costs.
- The need for a manner of producing extensive programming systems in a short period of time.

SPECIFIC ADVANTAGES

1. COBOL-400 programs are written in precise, easily learned English words and phrases. The language provides a clear method of expressing a problem, or "communicating" with a computer.
2. COBOL-400 programs can be run on another computer with minimum modification even though computer hardware characteristics are different.
3. COBOL-400 provides excellent documentation for problem definition and solution. Work started by one programmer and continued and/or completed by another is easily accomplished.
4. COBOL-400 simplifies the costly, time-consuming process of program testing. If necessary, it can be done efficiently by someone other than the original programmer.

5. COBOL-400 promotes use of standardized terminology among non-technical personnel and programmers thus inviting closer understanding of problems being solved.

6. COBOL-400 decreases training costs and significantly reduces retraining and reprogramming costs. Once a programmer is trained in COBOL techniques, he can change to another computer and use the same techniques.

HOW COBOL-400 WORKS

COBOL-400 is a communication vehicle. It is easy to learn and use. Briefly, here's how it works:

The programmer writes a COBOL-400 "source program" composed of English sentences and paragraphs, following the conventions of a standard reference format, to describe the data to be processed and to specify the required procedures. The source program is keypunched on cards which become input to the computer under control of the COBOL-400 compiler program (already loaded into the computer by the GE-400 Operating System). As output the COBOL-400 compiler produces an "object program" on either punched cards or magnetic tape. The object program is the actual sequence of machine instructions needed to accomplish the functions specified in the source program.

Additionally, the compiler produces an edited listing which includes a print-out of the English source program in the reference format. Another very important compiler function is to analyze the source program for clerical errors and to print error comments on any source program language errors it can detect.

The source program is sub-divided into four divisions specifying:

The identification of the program (IDENTIFICATION DIVISION)

The equipment to be used (ENVIRONMENT DIVISION)

The description of data to be processed (DATA DIVISION)

The sequence of procedures to be executed (PROCEDURE DIVISION)

For a complete, detailed description of each of these elements, see CPB-1001.

COBOL-400 OPERATING SYSTEM OPTIONS

COBOL-400 options specify deviations from a well-defined “normal” mode of compilation. Options include:

- Produce a Journal Tape containing all intermediate output of the compiling process;
- Produce an object program that includes object program debugging statements;
- Produce the object program on cards only;
- Produce the object program on both magnetic tape and cards, or tape only;
- Copy parts of the source program from a separate COBOL LIBRARY tape;
- Read input from magnetic tape.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

Hardware requirements differ but slightly between basic COBOL-400 and that required for COBOL-400 using the options. Configurations include:

Basic COBOL-400	COBOL-400 with options
ANY ONE OF THE COMPATIBLES/400 WITH	
8192 words of core memory	8192 words of core memory
(larger memory if desired)	(larger memory if desired)
4 magnetic tape units	5 magnetic tape units
Card Reader	Card Reader*
Card Punch	Card Punch*
Printer	Printer*
Console Typewriter	Console Typewriter
*(Magnetic tape unit may be substituted)	

BASIS FOR COBOL-400

COBOL-400 is based on COBOL-61 (the latest CODASYL specifications) which consist of:

REQUIRED COBOL — those elements which must be implemented by any company producing a COBOL compiler.

ELECTIVE COBOL — those elements which can be implemented at the manufacturer's discretion.

COBOL EXTENSIONS—elements of COBOL which have been added to the language since the publication of COBOL-61.

MORE INFORMATION

Detailed information is available at all Computer Department District Offices listed on back page, or call or write the Computer Department, Phoenix, Arizona.

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GE-400 COBOL

PROGRAMMER		JACK BRADBURY																	
PROGRAM		EXAMPLE OF COBOL SOURCE LANGUAGE																	
SEQ. NO.		A	B																
1	6	7	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40								
100				IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.															
101				PROGRAM-ID.										INV-012.					
102				AUTHOR.										JACK BR.					
200				ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.															
301				CONFIGURATION SECTION.															
302				SOURCE-COMPUTER. GE-425.															
303				OBJECT-COMPUTER. GE-425 WITH SUPER															
304				CARD READER, CARD PUNCH, 8 MA															
305				INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.															
306				FILE-CONTROL. SELECT FILE-ABC ASS:															
307				ALTERNATE AR															
308				SELECT FILE-DEF ASS:															
309				NATE AREA; P															
310				SELECT FILE-XYZ REN															
311				0407; RESERV															
300				DATA DIVISION.															
301				FILE SECTION.															
302				FD FILE-ABC, DATA RECORD IS STOCK															
303				ORDS, LABEL RECORD IS															
304				01 STOCK-RECORD.															
305				02 STOCK-NUMBER										PICT					
306				02 QTY-ON-ORDER										PICT					
307				02 UNIT-PRICE										PICT					
308				FD FILE-DEF, DATA RECORD IS TRANS															
309				OMITTED, RECORD CONTA															
310				01 TRANSACTION-CARD.															
400				PROCEDURE DIVISION.															
401				SET-UP. OPEN INPUT FILE-ABC, FILE-															
402				MOVE ZEROS TO CONTROL-TOT															
403				INITIAL-READ. READ FILE-DEF, AT E															
404				START. READ FILE-ABC, AT END GO															
405				OF FILE-DEF IS GREATER THAN S															

Coding Explanation

LOCATION PHOENIX, ARIZONA PAGE OF
DATE 6/15/64

44 48 52 56 60 64 68 72

DBURY

VISOR CONTROL, MEMORY SIZE 32K,
NETIC TAPES.

IGN TO 0404, 0405; RESERVE 1
A; BLOCKS ARE SERIAL-NUMBERED.
IGN TO 0100; RESERVE NO ALTER
PRIORITY IS 1.

MINING FILE-ABC; ASSIGN TO 0406,
1; PRIORITY IS 2.

RECORD, BLOCK CONTAINS 20 REC
STANDARD.

RE IS X(12).
RE IS 9(8).
RE IS 99V99.
ACTION-CARD, LABEL RECORD IS
NS 80 CHARACTERS.

DEF; OUTPUT FILE-XYZ.
ALS.
ND GO TO END-RTN-1.
TO END-RTN-3. IF STOCK-NUMBER
OCK-NUMBER OF FILE-ABC, GO TO

After compilation, the first 8 characters of "program name" will be used by the Program Monitor Routine as a search key for finding and loading the object program from a master instruction tape.

Compilation made on GE-425
Specification of computer that will use the object program.

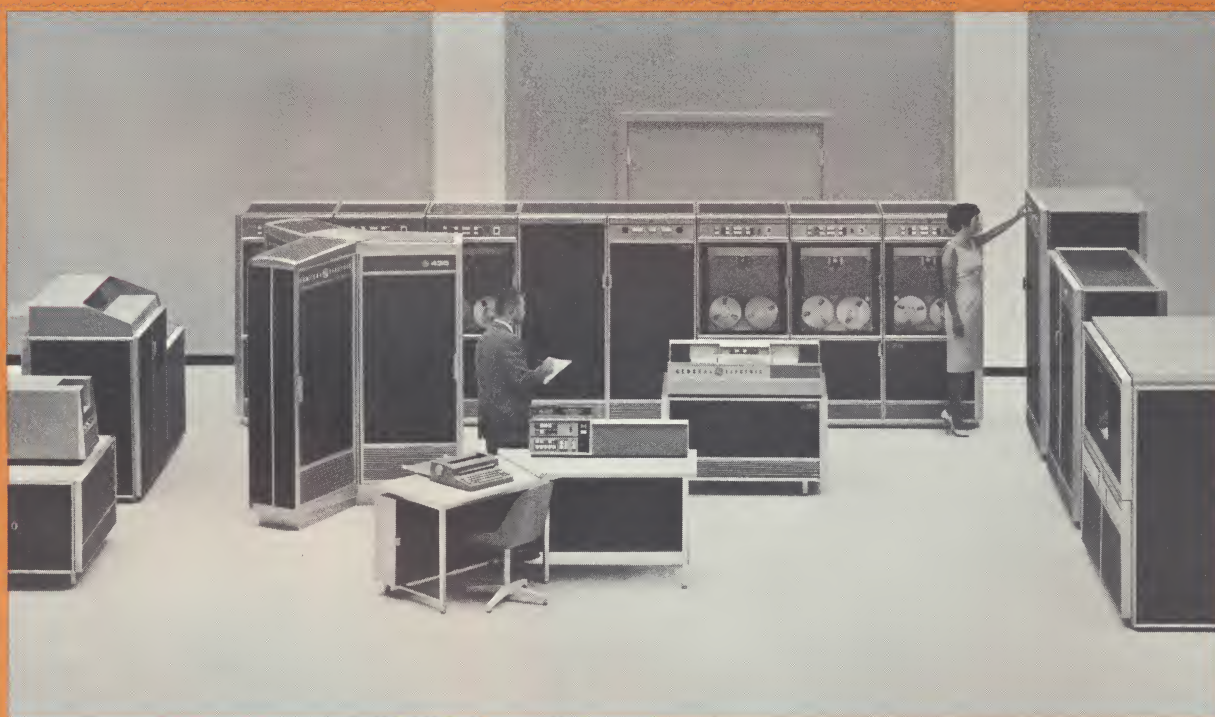
This paragraph contains one sentence for each file to be processed by the object program. The type of hardware device assigned to a file is indicated by the first two digits of the four octal digit device numbers following the word ASSIGN.

Assignment of record names
Defines how many integers in a record in the blocks.
Standard label records are to be used.

Typical imperative statement.
Typical conditional statement used in processing.
Directs the operations into the basic assembly program.



COBOL-400 IS AVAILABLE ON ALL GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPATIBLES/400 COMPUTERS, AND IS UPWARD COMPATIBLE THROUGH THE ENTIRE GE-400 FAMILY.



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